Child Drowning in Florida

SURVEILLANCE DATA: 2013

FLORIDA INJURY PREVENTION

www.floridahealth.gov/injury

There were 285 hospitalizations for non-fatal drowning. Children ages 1–4 accounted for **14.0%** of those who died and **38.3%** percent of those hospitalized.



In 2013, 448 Florida residents died from drowning.

The Layers
of Protection
Make Pool Time a
Safer Time

EVERYONE IN THE FAMILY SHOULD KNOW HOW TO SWIM.



WATCH When children are around or in the pool—children should never swim alone.



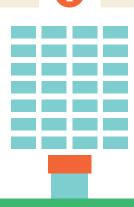
USE BARRIERS Make your home pool safer with a 4-sided fence that includes alarms, gates and locks.





BE READY Learn CPR and get re-certified every 2 years. Keep a phone and safety equipment near the pool.





Child Drowning Rates per 100,000

The number of children who drown each year in Florida could fill 3–4 preschool classrooms.

Deaths	
YEAR	RATE
2009	2.6
2010	2.4
2011	2.3
2012	2.3
2013	2.3

Children ages 1–4 For this age group, drowning is the leading cause of death in Florida. This rate is the highest in the U.S.



Children ages 1–4 had the highest rates of drowning fatalities and non-fatal hospitalization.

Most infant drownings occur in bathtubs and buckets. Children 5+ are most likely to drown in natural bodies of water.

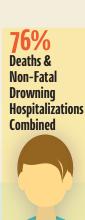
Who is Injured?

In 2013, 448 Florida residents died from drowning.

DEATHS
NON-FATAL
HOSPITALIZATIONS



Females 106 95



Males 342 190

Deaths & Non-Fatal Drowning Hospitalizations



353 167

20%

Deaths & Non-Fatal Drowning Hospitalizations Combined



8%

Deaths &
Non-Fatal
Drowning
Hospitalizations
Combined



Both Sexes, All Races

448 285

\$15,218 was the median admission charge for drowning-related, non-fatal injury hospitalizations.

\$12 million was the total charges exceeded this amount.

2 days was the median length of stay.



WHO PAID?

Medicaid, 44% Commercial insurance, 30%

Florida Injury Prevention floridahealth.gov/injury 850-245-4440 Injury@flhealth.gov

